

# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

in accordance with ISO 14025, ISO 21930 and EN 15804

Owner of the declaration:

Program operator:

Publisher:

Declaration number:

Registration number:

ECO Platform reference number:

Issue date:

Valid to:

Amiblu Technology AS

The Norwegian EPD Foundation

The Norwegian EPD Foundation

NEPD-3228-1879-EN

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15.11.2021

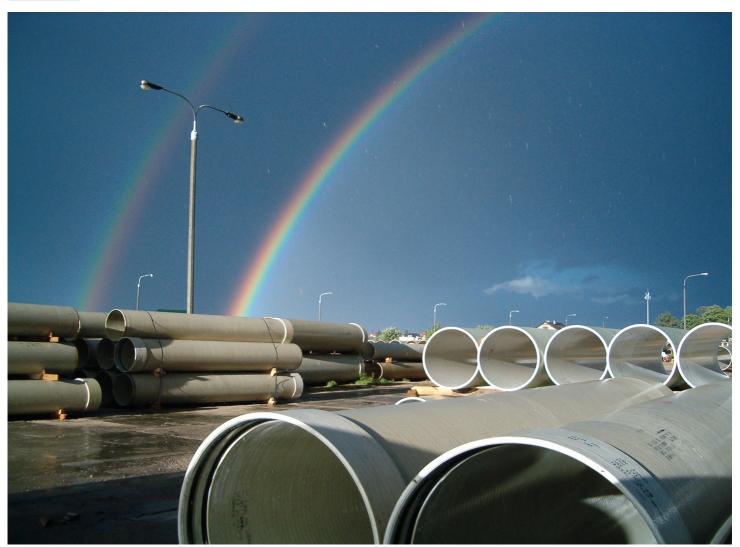
15.11.2026

# Hobas Sewer Pipe RO with FWC coupling DN1535-3600, PN1, SN10000

Amiblu Technology AS



www.epd-norge.no





## **General information**

#### **Product:**

Hobas Sewer Pipe RO with FWC coupling DN1535-3600, PN1, SN10000

#### Program operator:

The Norwegian EPD Foundation Pb. 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo Phone: +47 23 08 80 00 e-mail: post@epd-norge.no

#### **Declaration number:**

NEPD-3228-1879-EN

#### **ECO Platform reference number:**

#### This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 serves as core PCR NPCR Part A: Construction products and services. Ver. 1.0. April 2017

#### Statement of liability:

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

#### **Declared unit:**

1 kg Hobas Sewer Pipe RO with FWC coupling DN1535-3600, PN1, SN10000

## Declared unit with option:

A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,C1,C2,C3,C4,D

#### **Functional unit:**

## General information on verification of EPD from EPD tools:

Independent verification of data, other environmental information and the declaration according to ISO 14025:2010, § 8.1.3 and § 8.1.4. Individual third party verification of each EPD is not required when the EPD tool is i) integrated into the company's environmental management system, ii) the procedures for use of the EPD tool are approved by EPDNorway, and iii) the process is reviewed annualy. See Appendix G of EPD-Norway's General Programme Instructions for further information on EPD tools.

#### **Verification of EPD tool:**

Independent third party verification of the EPD tool, background data and test-EPD in accordance with EPDNorway's procedures and guidelines for verification and approval of EPD tools.

Michael M. Jenssen, Asplan Viak AS (no signature required)

#### Owner of the declaration:

Amiblu Technology AS Contact person: Marcin Pazdro Phone: +47 907 21 877 e-mail: Marcin.Pazdro@amiblu.com

#### Manufacturer:

Averaged CC data from 3 production sites, see Technical data on page 3 for more

#### Place of production:

Averaged CC data from 3 production sites, see Technical data on page 3 for more details

Europe

#### Management system:

ISO 14001

#### Organisation no:

916 041 195

Issue date: 15.11.2021

Valid to: 15.11.2026

#### Year of study:

2020

## Comparability:

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they not comply with EN 15804 and seen in a construction works context.

### **Development and verification of EPD:**

The declaration has been developed and verified using EPD tool lca.tools ver EPD2020.11, developed by LCA.no AS. The EPD tool is integrated into the company's environmental management system, and has been approved by EPD-Norway

Developer of EPD:

Marcin Pazdro

Reviewer of company-specific input data and EPD:

Petter Åsrud

## Approved:

Sign

Håkon Hauan, CEO EPD-Norge



## **Product**

#### **Product description:**

Filled (VO) Pipe, Hobas Diameter Series, DN1535-3600, PN1, SN10000, Liner: Standard, Length: 6 m, Glass: E, Resin: Ortho, Liner Resin: Ortho, with FWC Coupling

### **Product specification**

Glass: E, Resin: Ortho, Liner Resin: Ortho,

Specifications and product details are presented here: https://www.amiblu.com/

A typical composition of the pipes covered by this EPD is as follows:

Materials	%
Polyester Resin	30-35
Sand	60-70
Glass fibers	8-13
Rubber gasket	0-1
Peroxide	0-1

#### Technical data:

The list below provides a mass of a functional unite (1m pipe section with the coupling assembled on a 6m pipe unit). This information is used to calculate the A1-A3 and A4 outputs for 1m section of pipeline by multiplying the values presented in tables on page 6-7 with the mass of of the pipe. Furthermore, mass of 1m pipe section shall also be used to calculate A5 outputs according to the equation provided on page 4.

DN1535 PN1	SN10000 -	370.1 kg
DN1600 PN1	SN10000 -	367.5 kg
DN1720 PN1	SN10000 -	404.7 kg
DN1800 PN1	SN10000 -	463.5 kg
DN1940 PN1	SN10000 -	511.8 kg
DN2000 PN1	SN10000 -	571.2 kg
DN2160 PN1	SN10000 -	635.0 kg
DN2200 PN1	SN10000 -	688.8 kg
DN2400 PN1	SN10000 -	784.4 kg
DN2555 PN1	SN10000 -	887.9 kg
DN3000 PN1	SN10000 -	1233.9 kg
DN3270 PN1	SN10000 -	1463.8 kg
DN3600 PN1	SN10000 -	1768.9 kg

#### Market:

Europe

Reference service life, product

Up to 150 years

Reference service life, construcion

## LCA: Calculation rules

#### **Declared unit:**

1 kg Hobas Sewer Pipe RO with FWC coupling DN1535-3600, PN1,  $\mathrm{SN10000}$ 

#### **Cut-off criteria:**

All raw materials which are present in the final product at a concentration greater than 0.1 % are included. Some of the raw materials used at lower content are modeled using datasets representing the closest match according to the best knowledge of Amiblu. The contribution of capital goods is estimated to be lower than the general cut-off criteria of 1%. Transport of personnel is outside the scope of the LCA

#### Allocation:

Allocation was carried out in accordance with EN 15804. There are no-allocations between co-products in the EPD since there are no co-products created during the manufacturing. Environmental burdens related to A1 and A2 stages are allocated to pipes based on the specific pipe composition, transport modes and distances of raw materials to a plant in which the product has been produced. All manufacturing inputs (energy and auxiliary materials) are allocated equally to products through mass allocation. Equal allocation also applies to waste, although for certain waste flows, a specific allocation was performed based on the production process and product formulation. Effects of primary production of recycled materials is allocated to the main product in which the material was used. The recycling process and transportation of the material is allocated to this analysis.

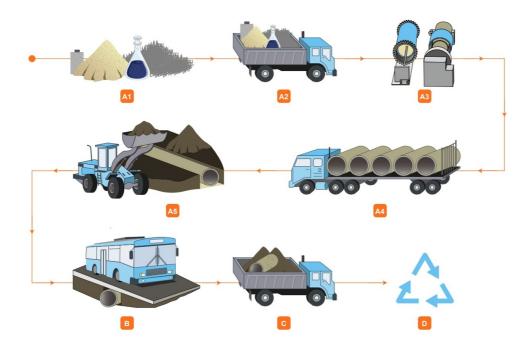
#### Data quality:

Specific data for the product compositions are used. In case of some raw materials, data from ecoinvent 3.6 were modified to better reflect the composition of specific materials used by Amiblu. Transportation modes and distances are collected for all raw materials, specific for each production site. Energy inputs are also specific for each site. Production site data were collected in the year of study defined on page 2. The data quality of the raw materials in A1 is presented in the table below.

Materials	Source	Data quality	Year
Chemicals	ecoinvent3.6	Database	2019
Glass fibre	ecoinvent3.6	Database	2019
Rubber, synthetic	ecoinvent3.6	Database	2019
Sand	ecoinvent3.6	Database	2019
Polyester resin	Modified ecoinvent3.6	Database	2019

System boundary:

# **Production Flow**



#### A1 - Raw materials

Typically including glass fibers, resin, sand, filler, rubber

#### A2 - Transport of raw materials

Tanker, container transport, sea-transport

#### A3- Manufacturing

Continuous Filament Winding, Centrifugal Casting, Filament Winding, Hand Lay-up Lamination

#### A4 - Transport to site

Road transport, sea transport

#### A5 - Installation

Operation of excavators and earth moving equipment, bedding material, transport

#### B - Use

Use, maintenance, repair, replacement, refurbishment, operational energy use, operational water use

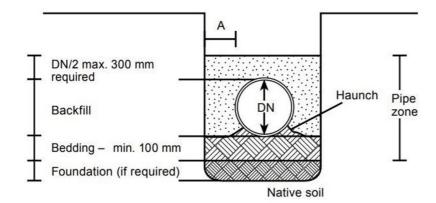
#### C - End of life

Excavation, transport, waste processing, disposal

#### D - Beyond construction works Life Cycle

Reuse, recovery, recycling potential

# **Standard Trench Geometry**



A5 outputs should be calculated according to the equation below:

$$A5_{DN_{x,1m}} = A5_{DN_{1kg}}*rac{A_{T-DN}}{A_{T-DN_x}}*m_{1mPipe}$$
 , where:

A5<sub>DNx,1m</sub> – A5 impact calculated for 1m piping section;

A5<sub>DN,1kg</sub> – A5 impact given in tables on page 6 or 7 for a modelled pipe;

A<sub>T-DN</sub> – cross-section area for a trench used in LCA calculations (used for generation of the data in tables on page 6 and 7);

 $A_{T-DNx}$  — cross-section area for a trench modelled for a pipe having different diameter than the modelled one;  $m_{ImPlpe}$  — weight of 1m piping section of pipe used for LCA calculations(Technical data section on page 2);

Trench's cross-section area for a pipe with a known DN can be calculated using following equation:

$$A_{T-DN} = 1.79 * \left(\frac{DN}{1000}\right)^2 + 1.94 * \frac{DN}{1000} + 0.41$$

## Additional technical information:

https://www.amiblu.com/

#### Assumptions:

- "A" distance is calculated according to following equation: A=(0,2156\*DN+205,2)/1000
- Bedding and foundation material are represented as "gravel, round – gravel and sand quarry operation, Ecolovent database".
- The amount of soil reused as backfill, the amount of gravel used as foundation and bedding material and the distance from the quarry, the consumption of diesel fuel for excavation and finishing operations are provided in "Scenarios and additional technical information" on page 5.



## LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

For A4 stage, a typical transport distance of 500 km from the pipe production plant to the installation site is assumed. A project specific EPD can be provided on request. For A5 module, a trench geometry is calculated automatically based on the diameter of the pipe. The trench depth is assume to be DN + 1/4DN + 1m. The diesel consumption of 0,36 liter per 1 cubic meter of excavated soil is used. In addition, the consumption of 1.6 liter of diesel per 1m of the trench length is used to account for material compaction and trench filling operations. It is assumed that 50% of excavated soil is replaced with gravel. Transport distance for disposal site of unused soil and gravel from quarry is assumed to be 20 km on average. Use stage has not been included since glass reinforced plastic piping, once installed, does not require maintenance. It has been assumed that at the end of the functional life of the piping, the installation is either left in ground or re-lined. Potential relining is considered to be a second life stage, thus, all environmental burdens associated with re-lining are omitted in this declaration. LCA study was performed for the 6 m Hobas Sewer Pipe RO DN2400 PN1 SN10000 with the corresponding FWC coupling. The environmental impacts for 1kg of other piping systems covered by this EPD stays within the +/- 10% range compared to values presented on pages 6 and 7. The A2 and A3 scenario represents an weight average calculated for 2020 for following manufacturing plants: - Amiblu Germany GmbH (DE10), Gewerbepark 1, 17039
Trollenhagen, GERMANY; - Amiblu Poland Sp. z o.o. (PL20), UI. Koksownicza 11, 41-300 Dabrowa Gòrnicza, POLAND; - Amiblu Romania SRL (RO20), Drumul Mare nr. 2, 77060 Comuna Clinceni, ROMANIA;

#### Transport from production place to user (A4)

Туре	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Type of vehicle	Distance km	Fuel/Energy consumption	Unit	Value (I/t)
Truck	38,8 %	Amiblu - Truck, lorry 16-32 tonnes, EURO 5	500	0,044606	l/tkm	22,30
Railway					l/tkm	
Boat					l/tkm	
Other Transportation					l/tkm	

## Assembly (A5)

	Unit	Value
Auxiliary	kg	26,2985
Water consumption	m <sup>3</sup>	
Electricity consumption	kWh	
Other energy carriers	MJ	1,0931
Material loss	kg	
Output materials from waste treatment	kg	
Dust in the air	kg	
VOC emissions	kg	

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# **LCA: Results**

The LCA results are presented below for the declared unit defined on page 2 of the EPD document.

# System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

Pro	Product stage Construction installation stage			User stage End of life stage					Beyond the system bondaries							
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De- construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling- potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х								Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

# **Environmental impact**

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq	1,52E+00	8,13E-02	1,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0
ODP	kg CFC11 -eq	1,91E-07	1,50E-08	3,00E-08	0	0	0	0	0
POCP	kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -eq	5,53E-04	1,33E-05	2,85E-05	0	0	0	0	0
AP	kg SO <sub>2</sub> -eq	6,56E-03	2,59E-04	4,38E-04	0	0	0	0	0
EP	kg PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> -eq	9,35E-04	4,30E-05	9,68E-05	0	0	0	0	0
ADPM	kg Sb -eq	3,26E-05	2,48E-07	5,65E-07	0	0	0	0	0
ADPE	MJ	3,27E+01	1,23E+00	2,36E+00	0	0	0	0	0

GWP Global warming potential; ODP Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer, POCP Formation potential of tropospheric photochemical oxidants; AP Acidification potential of land and water; EP Eutrophication potential; ADPM Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPE Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10-3 = 0,009"

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed



### Resource use

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
RPEE	MJ	1,54E+00	1,79E-02	1,04E-01	0	0	0	0	0
RPEM	MJ	1,28E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0	0	0	0	0
TPE	MJ	1,54E+00	1,79E-02	1,04E-01	0	0	0	0	0
NRPE	MJ	3,70E+01	1,25E+00	2,56E+00	0	0	0	0	0
NRPM	MJ	1,22E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0	0	0	0	0
TRPE	MJ	3,70E+01	1,25E+00	2,56E+00	0	0	0	0	0
SM	kg	5,88E-03	0,00E+00	1,38E+01	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	8,89E-02	0,00E+00	1,83E-04	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	6,10E-03	0,00E+00	2,70E-03	0	0	0	0	0
W	m <sup>3</sup>	2,14E-02	2,35E-04	1,77E-02	0	0	0	0	0

RPEE Renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; RPEM Renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; TPE Total use of renewable primary energy resources; NRPE Non renewable primary energy resources used as materials; TRPE Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM Use of secondary materials; RSF Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF Use of non renewable secondary fuels; NRSF Use of non renewable secondary fuels; W Use of net fresh water

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10-3 = 0,009"

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

## End of life - Waste

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HW	kg	2,27E-03	7,33E-07	4,15E-05	0	0	0	0	0
NHW	kg	2,58E-01	6,60E-02	4,48E-02	0	0	0	0	0
RW	kg	6,97E-05	8,61E-06	1,87E-05	0	0	0	0	0

HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10-3 = 0,009"

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

## End of life - Output flow

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
CR	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0	0	0	0	0
MR	kg	1,04E-03	0,00E+00	2,06E-06	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	1,73E-02	0,00E+00	6,64E-04	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	MJ	1,06E-02	0,00E+00	7,06E-06	0	0	0	0	0
ETE	MJ	1,23E-01	0,00E+00	1,07E-04	0	0	0	0	0

CR Components for reuse; MR Materials for recycling; MER Materials for energy recovery; EEE Exported electric energy; ETE Exported thermal energy

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10-3 = 0,009"

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed



# **Additional requirements**

### Greenhouse gas emissions from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

National production mix from import, low voltage (production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) of applied electricity for the manufacturing process (A3).

Electricity mix	Data source	Amount	Unit
Amiblu - Electricity, Poland (kWh)	ecoinvent 3.6	1099,70	g CO2-ekv/kWh
Amiblu - Electricity, Romania (kWh)	ecoinvent 3.6	468,43	g CO2-ekv/kWh
Amiblu - Electricity, Germany (kWh)	ecoinvent 3.6	629,86	g CO2-ekv/kWh

#### **Dangerous substances**

The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the national priority list.

### Indoor environment

Not relevant

# **Bibliography**

ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations - Principles and procedures.

ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines.

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 Environmental product declaration - Core rules for the product category of construction products.

ISO 21930:2017 Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products.

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Iversen et al., (2018) eEPD v3.0 - Background information for EPD generator system. LCA.no report 04.18.

Ruttenborg et al., (2021) EPD generator for Amiblu Technology AS Background information for customer application and LCA data, LCA.no report number 01.21

NPCR Part A: Construction products and services. Ver. 1.0. April 2017, EPD-Norge.

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