

Environmental product declaration

in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

Penguard Universal, Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. (UK)





The Norwegian EPD Foundation

Owner of the declaration:

Jotun A/S

Product

Penguard Universal, Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. (UK)

Declared unit:

1 m2

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR

IBU PCR Part B for coatings with organic binders

Program operator:

The Norwegian EPD Foundation

Declaration number:

NEPD-4846-4103-EN

Registration number:

NEPD-4846-4103-EN

Issue date: 28.08.2023

Valid to: 28.08.2028

EPD Software:

LCA.no EPD generator ID: 69369



General information

Product

Penguard Universal, Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. (UK)

Program operator:

Post Box 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo, Norway The Norwegian EPD Foundation Phone: +47 23 08 80 00

web: post@epd-norge.no

Declaration number: NEPD-4846-4103-EN

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019 serves as core PCR IBU PCR Part B for coatings with organic binders

Statement of liability:

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

Declared unit:

1 m2 Penguard Universal, Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. (UK)

Declared unit with option:

A1-A3,A4,A5,B2,C1,C2,C3,C4,D

Functional unit:

 1 m^2 of a wind turbine asset (on the submerged area) well maintained for 35 years.

General information on verification of EPD from EPD tools:

Independent verification of data, other environmental information and the declaration according to ISO 14025:2010, § 8.1.3 and § 8.1.4. Verification of each EPD is made according to EPD-Norway's guidelines for verification and approval requiring that tools are i) integrated into the company's environmental management system, ii) the procedures for use of the EPD tool are approved by EPD-Norway, and iii) the process is reviewed annually by an independent third party verifier. See Appendix G of EPD-Norway's General Programme Instructions for further information on EPD tools.

Verification

Independent third party verification of the EPD tool, background data and test EPD in accordance with EPD Norway's procedures and guidelines for verification and approval of EPD tools.

Third party verifier:

and Konnig

Anne Rønning, Norsus AS

Owner of the declaration:

Contact person: Cleo Alves Otterbech Phone: +47 33 45 70 00 e-mail: cleo.otterbech@jotun.no

Manufacturer:

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd

Place of production:

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe DN15 8RR North Lincolnshire, United Kingdom

Management system:

ISO 9001:2008 Certificate nr: 0044915-00, ISO 14001:2004 Certificate nr 0044914-00, ISO 45001: 2018 Certificate nr: 0098139

Organisation no:

923 248 579

Issue date: 28.08.2023

Valid to: 28.08.2028

Year of study:

2023

Comparability:

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they not comply with EN 15804 and seen in a building context.

Development and verification of EPD:

The declaration is created using EPD tool lca.tools ver EPD2022.03, developed by LCA.no. The EPD tool is integrated in the company's management system, and has been approved by EPD Norway. Approval number: NEPDT07

Developer of EPD: Cleo Alves Otterbech

Reviewer of company-specific input data and EPD: Ragnhild Bjerkvik Alnes

Approved:

Håkon Hauan, CEO EPD-Norge



Product

Product description:

Penguard Universal is a two component polyamine cured pure epoxy coating. It is a fast drying, abrasion resistant, high solids, high build product. It provides excellent corrosion protection as part of a complete coating system. It can be used as primer, mid coat, finish coat or as single coat system in atmospheric and immersed environments.

The declared product is suitable for properly prepared carbon steel, galvanized steel, shop primed steel, stainless steel, aluminium and concrete substrates. It is also suitable as maintenance coating on a wide range of aged coating surfaces. It can be applied at sub zero surface temperatures.

Penguard Universal is recommended for offshore environments, including splash zones, refineries, power plants, bridges, buildings, mining equipment and general structural steel. Approved for PSPC cross over testing with a wide range of shop primers.

Product specification

For information on Green Building Standard credits, see subchapter "Additional technical information".

The material composition of the declared mixed product is given below:

Materials	Value	Unit
Binder	25 - 50	%
Filler	25 - 50	%
Solvent	10 - 25	%
Titanium dioxide	1 - 3	%
Additive	0.3 - 1	%
Pigment	0 - 0.1	%

Technical data:

Product mixing ratio (by volume): Penguard Universal Comp A: 3 part(s) Penguard Universal Comp B: 1 part

Density: 1.4 g/cm³

Solids by volume: 72 ± 2 volume%

Film thickness per coat: Dry film thickness: 75 - 300 μm Wet film thickness: 105 - 415 μm

Theoretical spreading rate: 9.6 - 2.4 m²/l

The EPD is based on the grey version of Penguard Universal.

The product packaging is based on an average sized metal packaging, including secondary packaging such as pallets and plastic wrapping.

For safety, health and environmental conditions, see the Safety Data Sheet for the declared product on www.jotun.com.

For information on technical data, application and use of the product, see the Technical Data Sheet for the declared product on www.jotun.com.

Market:

United Kingdom.

Reference service life, product

The reference service life of the product is highly dependent on the conditions of application. The declared product system is installed to be maintenance-free for the lifetime of the object.

Estimated service life, object

The lifetime of the object is 35 years in this analysis.



LCA: Calculation rules

Declared unit:

1 m2 Penguard Universal, Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. (UK)

Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy is included. The production processes for raw materials and energy flows with very small amounts (less than 1%) are not included. These cut-off criteria do not apply for hazardous materials and substances.

Allocation

The allocation is made in accordance with the provisions of EN 15804. Incoming energy and water and waste production in-house is allocated equally among all products through mass allocation. Effects of primary production of recycled materials is allocated to the main product in which the material was used. The recycling process and transportation of the material is allocated to this analysis.

Data quality:

Specific data for the product composition are provided by the manufacturer. The data represent the production of the declared product and were collected for EPD development in the year of study. Background data is based on EPDs according to EN 15804 and different LCA databases. The data quality of the raw materials in A1 is presented in the table below.

Materials	Source	Data quality	Year
Materials	CEPE RM Database v3.0	Database	2019
Materials	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Packaging	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019

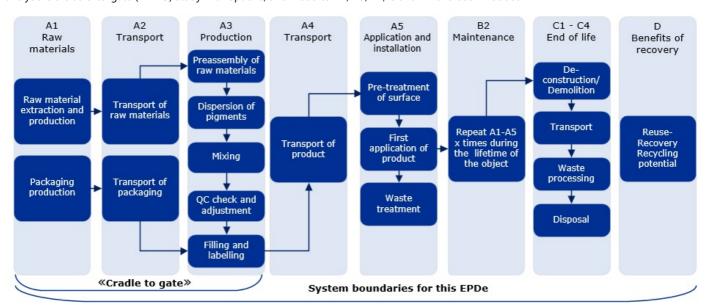


System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

	P	roduct stag	je		ruction ion stage				Use stage				End of life stage				Beyond the system boundaries
	Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurb ishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De- construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling-potential
Ì	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	Χ	X	Χ	X	Χ	MND	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	X	Χ	Χ	X

System boundary:

The flowchart in the figure below illustrates the system boundaries for the analysis, in accordance with the modular principle on EN 15804+A2. The analysis is a cradle-to-gate (A1-A3) study with options, and modules A4, A5, B2, C and D have been included.



Additional technical information:

The declared product contributes to Green Building Standard credits by meeting the following specific requirements:

LEED ® v4.1 (2020)/LEED ® v4 (2013)

MR credit: Building product disclosure and optimization

- Environmental Product Declarations: Product-specific Type III EPD (ISO 14025;21930, EN 15804) for Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd (UK).

BREEAM ® International (2021)/BREEAM ® International (2016)

- Mat 01: Product-specific Type III EPD (ISO 14025;21930, EN 15804) for Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd (UK).

Pre-qualified in accordance with NORSOK M-501, Edition 6, System 1 and 7.

Additional certificates and approvals may be available on request.



LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

This is a cradle to gate (A1-A3) study with options, modules C1-C4, module D and additional module A4 transport to market have been included, as described below.

Module A4 includes the transport of 1 kg of the declared product with packaging from place of production to the market where the product is sold. The calculation is based on average distances to distribution centers in the local market. The declared product is assumed to be transported with the common type of truck used locally.

Module A5 includes surface preparation and treatment, and the application of two layers of the product Penguard Universal. Prior to application, the surface will be cleaned with high pressure water jetting including detergent and water. It will then be pretreated to achieve the required roughness. In this study we assumed that pretreatment is done with abrasive blasting. The paint application is carried out using Airless Spray. The electricity mix used is from the United Kingdom.

- The object of this analysis is a offshore wind turbine (on the submersed area), the lifetime of this asset is 35 years. The calculations are considering 1 m^2 of the substrate.
- A5 is modelled with 20% of product loss during the application in semi-covered area.
- The LCI model in the paint application phase utilizes Graco Inc. data for spray, sprayer, and pump characteristics. This does not limit the use of other tools/brands during the paint application phase.
- There are different practices and lack of data for waste treatment of abrasive blasting media and other wastes generated in A5 and B2. Therefore, for this analysis we have assumed that 100% of the waste from A5 is sent for disposal.

Module B2 maintenance is assumed to be "zero" as the paint system is designed to be maintenance-free for the lifetime of the object.

Module C considers the end-of-life of the construction material. The calculations for module C are based on dried/cured paint. Solvents and water are subtracted from the total coating mass due to the drying/curing processes occurring in modules A5 and B2. Similarly, packaging waste is generated in module A5 and B2, thus it is not accounted for in module C.

Module C1 is modelled with zero impact for the declared product. The coating is not removed from the substrate during decommissioning process, therefore the impact is allocated to the coated object.

Module C2 includes the transport of the paint waste to the closest disposal or waste treatment facility. It is assumed that the waste is transported by truck with characteristics listed in the Table. The transportation distance is set to 50 km.

Module C3 is modelled with no waste paint processing.

Module C4, paint waste is gathered as part of the substrate in construction materials. A typical disposal scenario for paint applied on that substrate is landfill, therefore it is assumed that 100% of the paint waste is sent to landfill facilities.

Module D. Recycling of applied paint is not a common practice, therefore the reuse, recovery and recycling potential is set to zero.

Transport from production place to user (A4)	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Distance (km)	Fuel/Energy Consumption	Unit	Value (Liter/tonne)
Truck Europe, over 32 tonnes, EURO 6 (km)	53,3 %	197	0,023	l/tkm	4,53
Assembly (A5)	Unit	Value			
Abrasive for blasting (kg)	kg/DU	45,00			
Dried paint residues landfill (kg)	kg/DU	0,11			
Electricity, United Kingdom (kWh)	kWh/DU	1,96			
Product loss during application (m2)	Units/DU	0,20			
Truck Europe, over 32 tonnes, EURO 6 (kgkm)	kgkm/DU	2259,51			
VOC emissions to air (kg)	kg/DU	0,14			
Waste packaging, metal, average treatment (kg)	kg	0,08			
Waste packaging, plastic, mixture, to average treatment (kg)	kg	0,00			
Waste packaging, wood, average treatment (kg)	kg	0,00			
Waste packaing, cardboard and paper, to average treatment (kg)	kg	0,00			
Waste, inert waste, to landfill (kg)	kg/DU	45,00			
Water (L)	kg/DU	4,00			
Assembly (A5)	Unit	Value			
Airless spray Graco 60:1 Single leg pump	kWh/DU	0.0326			
High pressure water jetting	kWh/DU	1.7			
Blasting process	kWh/DU	0.23			
Transport of total packaging waste	km	50			
Transport of paint waste for disposal	km	50			
Paint waste for disposal, landfill	%	100			



Maintenance (B2)	Unit	Value			
Maintenance (m2)	Units/DU	0,00			
De-construction demolition (C1)	Unit	Value			
Energy use during decommissioning	kWh/DU	0,00			
Transport to waste processing (C2)	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Distance (km)	Fuel/Energy Consumption	Unit	Value (Liter/tonne)
Truck Europe, over 32 tonnes, EURO 6 (km)	53,3 %	50	0,023	l/tkm	1,15
Waste processing (C3)	Unit	Value			
Waste treatment per kg Paint, municipal incineration, Europe (kg)	kg/DU	0,00			
Disposal (C4)	Unit	Value			
Waste treatment per kg Paint, inert material landfill, Europe (kg)	kg/DU	0,53			
Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries (D)	Unit	Value			
Substitution of raw materials (kg)	ka/DU	0.00			



LCA: Results

The LCA results are presented below for the declared unit defined on page 2 of the EPD document.

Envir	Environmental impact												
	Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
	GWP-total	kg CO ₂ -eq	2,49E+00	1,23E-02	3,40E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,29E-03	0,00E+00	1,02E-02	0,00E+00		
	GWP-fossil	kg CO ₂ -eq	2,49E+00	1,23E-02	3,38E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,29E-03	0,00E+00	1,02E-02	0,00E+00		
	GWP-biogenic	kg CO ₂ -eq	-3,89E-03	5,26E-06	1,70E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	9,80E-07	0,00E+00	4,89E-06	0,00E+00		
	GWP-luluc	kg CO ₂ -eq	4,04E-04	3,74E-06	2,58E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,97E-07	0,00E+00	3,37E-06	0,00E+00		
(3)	ODP	kg CFC11 -eq	3,53E-05	2,96E-09	7,46E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,51E-10	0,00E+00	2,84E-09	0,00E+00		
Œ.	AP	mol H+ -eq	1,27E-02	3,96E-05	1,46E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,36E-06	0,00E+00	5,67E-05	0,00E+00		
-	EP-FreshWater	kg P -eq	1,86E-04	9,77E-08	1,24E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,82E-08	0,00E+00	8,94E-08	0,00E+00		
-	EP-Marine	kg N -eq	3,39E-03	8,66E-06	3,67E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,61E-06	0,00E+00	1,81E-05	0,00E+00		
	EP-Terrestial	mol N -eq	2,78E-02	9,66E-05	3,96E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,80E-05	0,00E+00	1,99E-04	0,00E+00		
	POCP	kg NMVOC -eq	9,72E-03	3,79E-05	4,54E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,06E-06	0,00E+00	5,95E-05	0,00E+00		
	ADP-minerals&metals ¹	kg Sb -eq	2,42E-05	2,19E-07	2,82E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,08E-08	0,00E+00	2,27E-07	0,00E+00		
	ADP-fossil ¹	МЈ	3,76E+01	2,00E-01	5,67E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,72E-02	0,00E+00	1,90E-01	0,00E+00		
<u>%</u>	WDP ¹	m^3	3,42E+01	1,53E-01	3,21E+02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,85E-02	0,00E+00	1,31E-01	0,00E+00		

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment: EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

Remarks to environmental impacts

[&]quot;Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009"

^{*}INA Indicator Not Assessed

^{1.} The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator



Additio	onal enviro	nmental impact ind	icators								
Inc	dicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	PM	Disease incidence	1,85E-07	1,13E-09	1,81E-07	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,10E-10	0,00E+00	1,05E-09	0,00E+00
(m)	IRP ²	kgBq U235 -eq	2,71E+02	8,72E-04	5,46E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,62E-04	0,00E+00	8,08E-04	0,00E+00
	ETP-fw ¹	CTUe	2,09E+01	1,46E-01	3,64E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,72E-02	0,00E+00	1,28E-01	0,00E+00
46.* ****	HTP-c ¹	CTUh	6,81E-09	0,00E+00	2,21E-09	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,00E-12	0,00E+00
48 <u>D</u>	HTP-nc ¹	CTUh	1,10E-07	1,41E-10	5,75E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,60E-11	0,00E+00	1,24E-10	0,00E+00
	SQP ¹	dimensionless	2,91E+01	2,29E-01	6,92E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,26E-02	0,00E+00	2,35E-01	0,00E+00

PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Potential Soil Quality Index (dimensionless)

[&]quot;Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009"

^{*}INA Indicator Not Assessed

^{1.} The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

^{2.} This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.



Resource us	e										
Inc	dicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Ç.	PERE	MJ	4,25E+00	2,51E-03	6,90E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,67E-04	0,00E+00	2,21E-03	0,00E+00
	PERM	MJ	6,18E-02	0,00E+00	1,24E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
₽ S	PERT	MJ	4,31E+00	2,51E-03	6,91E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,67E-04	0,00E+00	2,21E-03	0,00E+00
	PENRE	MJ	4,12E+01	2,00E-01	5,97E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,72E-02	0,00E+00	1,90E-01	0,00E+00
Å	PENRM	MJ	1,02E-01	0,00E+00	2,05E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
IA	PENRT	MJ	4,13E+01	2,00E-01	5,97E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,72E-02	0,00E+00	1,90E-01	0,00E+00
	SM	kg	1,36E-02	0,00E+00	-4,50E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,10E-05	0,00E+00
2	RSF	MJ	1,02E-02	8,78E-05	1,76E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,63E-05	0,00E+00	7,12E-05	0,00E+00
<u>M</u>	NRSF	MJ	6,29E-02	2,94E-04	1,47E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,48E-05	0,00E+00	2,77E-04	0,00E+00
&	FW	m ³	6,15E-01	2,27E-05	1,54E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,23E-06	0,00E+00	9,44E-05	0,00E+00

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary materials; PENRM = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

[&]quot;Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed



End of life -	End of life - Waste												
Ind	licator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
	HWD	kg	1,09E-02	1,09E-05	5,31E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,03E-06	0,00E+00	1,17E-05	0,00E+00		
Ū	NHWD	kg	3,53E+00	1,73E-02	4,68E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,23E-03	0,00E+00	5,30E-01	0,00E+00		
<u></u>	RWD	kg	5,43E-05	1,36E-06	3,06E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,54E-07	0,00E+00	1,27E-06	0,00E+00		

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed

End of life - O	utput flow										
Indica	tor	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
@ D	CRU	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
\$\	MFR	kg	4,04E-03	0,00E+00	8, 19E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,97E-05	0,00E+00
DØ	MER	kg	1,12E-02	0,00E+00	9,37E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,59E-07	0,00E+00
50	EEE	MJ	3,64E-03	0,00E+00	4,37E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,37E-06	0,00E+00
DØ	EET	MJ	5,51E-02	0,00E+00	6,61E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,08E-05	0,00E+00

CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported energy electrical; EET = Exported energy thermal

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed

Biogenic Carbon Content										
Unit	At the factory gate									
kg C	0,00E+00									
kg C	2,26E-03									
	kg C									

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO2



Additional requirements

Greenhouse gas emissions from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

National production mix from import, low voltage (production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) of applied electricity for the manufacturing process (A3).

Electricity mix	Data source	Amount	Unit
Electricity, United Kingdom (kWh)	ecoinvent 3.6	386,67	g CO2-eq/kWh

Dangerous substances

The product contains substances, more than 0,1% by weight, given by the REACH Candidate List or the Norwegian Priority list, see table.

Name	CASNo	Amount
Ethylenediamine	107-15-3	0.84% (in comp. B)

Indoor environment

Not applicable for externally applied products.

Additional Environmental Information

Additional environmental impact indicators required in NPCR Part A for construction products										
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWPIOBC	kg CO ₂ -eq	2,49E+00	1,23E-02	2,60E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,29E-03	0,00E+00	1,02E-02	0,00E+00

GWP-IOBC: Global warming potential calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. In order to increase the transparency of biogenic carbon contribution to climate impact, the indicator GWP-IOBC is required as it declares climate impacts calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. GWP-IOBC is also referred to as GWP-GHG in context to Swedish public procurement legislation.



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